

19-0260; Rev 1; 3/95



Single/Dual/Quad, 10MHz Single-Supply Op Amps

General Description

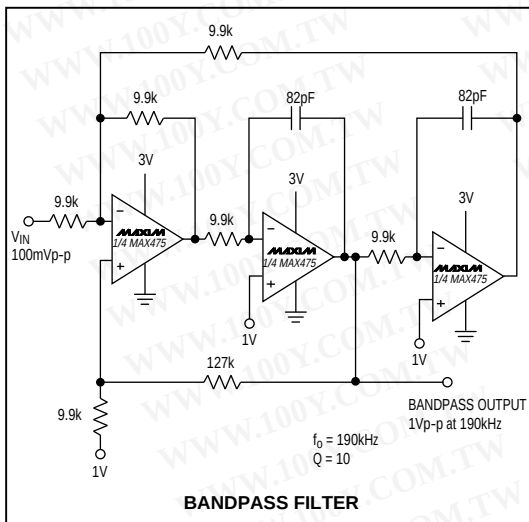
The single MAX473, dual MAX474, and quad MAX475 are single-supply (2.7V to 5.25V), unity-gain-stable op amps with rail-to-rail output swing. Each op amp guarantees a 10MHz unity-gain bandwidth, 15V/ μ s slew rate, and 600 Ω drive capability while typically consuming only 2mA supply current. In addition, the input range includes the negative supply rail and the output swings to within 50mV of each supply rail.

Single-supply operation makes these devices ideal for low-power and low-voltage portable applications. With their fast slew rate and settling time, they can replace higher-current op amps in large-signal applications. The MAX473/MAX474/MAX475 are available in DIP and SO packages in the industry-standard op-amp pin configurations. The MAX473 and MAX474 are also offered in the μ MAX package, the smallest 8-pin SO.

Applications

Portable Equipment
 Battery-Powered Instruments
 Signal Processing
 Discrete Filters
 Signal Conditioning
 Servo-Loops

Typical Operating Circuit



Features

- ♦ 15V/ μ s Min Slew Rate
- ♦ +3V Single-Supply Operation
- ♦ Guaranteed 10MHz Unity-Gain Bandwidth
- ♦ 2mA Supply Current per Amplifier
- ♦ Input Range Includes Negative Rail
- ♦ Outputs Short-Circuit Protected
- ♦ Rail-to-Rail Output Swing (to within $\pm$ 50mV)
- ♦ μ MAX Package (the smallest 8-pin SO)

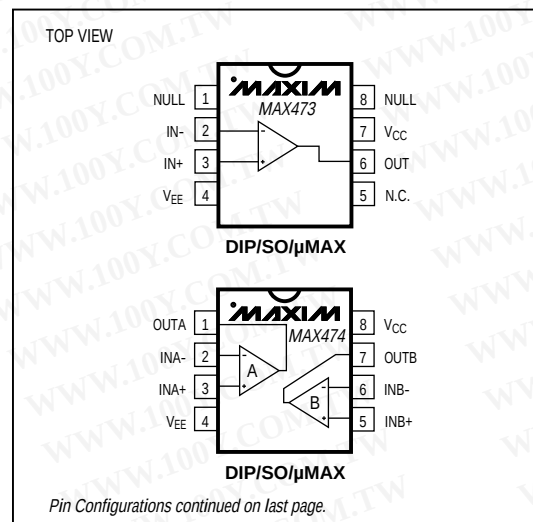
Ordering Information

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX473CPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX473CSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX473CUA	0°C to +70°C	8 μ MAX
MAX473C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX473EPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX473ESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX473MJA	-55°C to +125°C	8 CERDIP

Ordering Information continued on last page.

* Dice are specified at $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, DC parameters only.

Pin Configurations



Maxim Integrated Products 1

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MAX473/MAX474/MAX475

Single/Dual/Quad, 10MHz Single-Supply Op Amps

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage ($V_{CC} - V_{EE}$) 7V
Input Voltage ($IN+$, $IN-$, $IN+$, $IN-$) ($V_{CC} + 0.3V$)
to ($V_{EE} - 0.3V$)
Output Short-Circuit Duration Continuous
Continuous Power Dissipation ($T_A = +70^\circ C$)
8-Pin Plastic DIP (derate 9.09mW/ $^\circ C$ above $+70^\circ C$) ... 727mW
8-Pin SO (derate 5.88mW/ $^\circ C$ above $+70^\circ C$) 471mW
8-Pin μ MAX (derate 4.1mW/ $^\circ C$ above $+70^\circ C$) 330mW
8-Pin Cerdip (derate 8.00mW/ $^\circ C$ above $+70^\circ C$) 640mW
14-Pin Plastic DIP (derate 10.00mW/ $^\circ C$ above $+70^\circ C$) ... 800mW

14-Pin SO (derate 8.33mW/ $^\circ C$ above $+70^\circ C$) 667mW
14-Pin Cerdip (derate 9.09mW/ $^\circ C$ above $+70^\circ C$) 727mW
Operating Temperature Ranges
MAX47_C_ $0^\circ C$ to $+70^\circ C$
MAX47_E_ $-40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$
MAX47_MJ $-55^\circ C$ to $+125^\circ C$
Junction Temperatures
MAX47_C_/E_ $+150^\circ C$
MAX47_MJ $+175^\circ C$
Storage Temperature Range $-65^\circ C$ to $+160^\circ C$
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec) $+300^\circ C$

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

($+3V \leq V_{CC} \leq +5V$, $V_{EE} = 0V$, $V_{CM} = 0.5V$, $V_{OUT} = 0.5V$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Input Offset Voltage	V_{OS}	MAX473		± 0.70	± 2.0	mV
		MAX474		± 0.70	± 2.0	
		MAX475		± 0.80	± 2.5	
Input Bias Current	I_B	Current flows out of terminals	0	80	150	nA
Input Offset Current	I_{OS}			± 10	± 30	nA
Common-Mode Voltage	V_{CM}	High	$V_{CC} - 1.9$	$V_{CC} - 1.7$		V
		Low		$V_{EE} - 0.1$	V_{EE}	
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	$V_{EE} \leq V_{CM} \leq (V_{CC} - 1.9V)$	80	90		dB
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$V_{CC} = 2.7V$ to $6.0V$	80	90		dB
Input Noise-Voltage Density	e_n	$f = 10kHz$		40		nV/ $\sqrt{Hz}$
Large-Signal Gain (Note 1)	A_{VOL}	$0.3V \leq V_{OUT} \leq (V_{CC} - 0.5V)$	$R_L = \text{no load}$	110		dB
			$R_L = 10k\Omega$	94	105	
			$R_L = 600\Omega$	82	90	
		Sinking 5mA	$V_{CC} = 5V$	76		
			$V_{CC} = 3V$	100		
		Sourcing 5mA	$V_{CC} = 5V$	76		
Output Voltage	V_{OH}	$V_{IN+} - V_{IN-} = +1V$, $R_L = \text{no load}$	$V_{CC} - 0.05$			V
	V_{OL}	$V_{IN+} - V_{IN-} = -1V$, $R_L = \text{no load}$			$V_{EE} + 0.05$	
Slew Rate	SR	$V_{CC} = 5V$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 20pF$, $V_{IN+} - V_{IN-} = +1V$ step	15	17		V/ μs
Unity-Gain Bandwidth (Note 2)	GBW	$3V \leq V_{CC} \leq 5V$	10	12		MHz
		$V_{CC} = 2.7V$		10		

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Single/Dual/Quad, 10MHz Single-Supply Op Amps

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

(+3V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ +5V, V_{EE} = 0V, V_{CM} = 0.5V, V_{OUT} = 0.5V, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Settling Time	t _S	To 0.1%, C _L = 20pF		400		ns
Power-Up Time	t _{PU}	A _V = +1, V _{IN} = 1/2 V _{CC} step, see <i>Typical Operating Characteristics</i>		700		ns
Overshoot		C _L = 150pF		10		%
		C _L = 20pF		5		
Phase Margin		R _L = 10kΩ, V _{CC} = 5V		63		degrees
		C _L = 20pF, V _{CC} = 3V		58		
Gain Margin		R _L = 10kΩ, V _{CC} = 5V		10		dB
		C _L = 20pF, V _{CC} = 3V		12		
Supply Current	I _S	Per amplifier		2.0	3.0	mA
Operating Supply-Voltage Range		Single supply	2.7		5.25	V
		Dual supplies	±1.35		±2.625	

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(+3V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ +5V, V_{EE} = 0V, V_{CM} = 0.5V, V_{OUT} = 0.5V, T_A = 0°C to +70°C, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Input Offset Voltage	V _{OS}	MAX473			±2.0	mV
		MAX474			±2.0	
		MAX475			±3.0	
Input Bias Current	I _B	Current flows out of terminals	0		175	nA
Input Offset Current	I _{OS}				±35	nA
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	V _{EE} ≤ V _{CM} ≤ (V _{CC} - 1.9V)	78			dB
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	V _{CC} = 2.7V to 6.0V	78			dB
Large-Signal Gain (Note 1)	A _{VOL}	0.4V ≤ V _{OUT} ≤ (V _{CC} - 0.6V)				dB
		R _L = 10kΩ R _L = 600Ω	94 80			
Output Voltage	V _{OH}	V _{IN+} - V _{IN-} = +1V, R _L = no load	V _{CC} - 0.07			V
	V _{OL}	V _{IN+} - V _{IN-} = -1V, R _L = no load		V _{EE} + 0.07		
Slew Rate	SR	V _{CC} = 5V, R _L = 10kΩ, C _L = 20pF, V _{IN+} - V _{IN-} = +1V step	12			V/μs
Supply Current	I _S	Per amplifier			3.3	mA
Operating Supply-Voltage Range		Single supply	2.7		5.25	V
		Dual supplies	±1.35		±2.625	

MAX473/MAX474/MAX475

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Single/Dual/Quad, 10MHz Single-Supply Op Amps

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(+3V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ +5V, V_{EE} = 0V, V_{CM} = 0.5V, V_{OUT} = 0.5V, T_A = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Input Offset Voltage	V _{OS}	MAX473			±2.3	mV
		MAX474			±2.3	
		MAX475			±3.3	
Input Bias Current	I _B	Current flows out of terminals	0		200	nA
Input Offset Current	I _{OS}				±50	nA
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	V _{EE} ≤ V _{CM} ≤ (V _{CC} - 2.0V)	72			dB
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	V _{CC} = 2.7V to 6.0V	72			dB
Large-Signal Gain (Note 1)	A _{VOL}	0.4V ≤ V _{OUT} ≤ (V _{CC} - 0.6V)				dB
		R _L = 10kΩ R _L = 600Ω	94 72			
Output Voltage	V _{OH}	V _{IN+} - V _{IN-} = +1V, R _L = no load	V _{CC} - 0.08			V
	V _{OL}	V _{IN+} - V _{IN-} = -1V, R _L = no load		V _{EE} + 0.08		
Slew Rate	SR	V _{CC} = 5V, R _L = 10kΩ, C _L = 20pF, V _{IN+} - V _{IN-} = +1V step	10			V/μs
Supply Current	I _S	Per amplifier			3.4	mA
Operating Supply-Voltage Range		Single supply	2.7		5.25	V
		Dual supplies	±1.35		±2.625	

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(+3V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ +5V, V_{EE} = 0V, V_{CM} = 0.5V, V_{OUT} = 0.5V, T_A = -55°C to +125°C, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Input Offset Voltage	V _{OS}	MAX473			±2.8	mV
		MAX474			±2.8	
		MAX475			±4.0	
Input Bias Current	I _B	Current flows out of terminals	0		225	nA
Input Offset Current	I _{OS}				±60	nA
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	V _{EE} ≤ V _{CM} ≤ (V _{CC} - 2.15V)	70			dB
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	V _{CC} = 2.7V to 6.0V	70			dB
Large-Signal Gain (Note 1)	A _{VOL}	0.5V ≤ V _{OUT} ≤ (V _{CC} - 0.6V)				dB
		R _L = 10kΩ R _L = 600Ω	90 70			
Output Voltage	V _{OH}	V _{IN+} - V _{IN-} = +1V, R _L = no load	V _{CC} - 0.1			V
	V _{OL}	V _{IN+} - V _{IN-} = -1V, R _L = no load		V _{EE} + 0.1		
Slew Rate	SR	V _{CC} = 5V, R _L = 10kΩ, C _L = 20pF, V _{IN+} - V _{IN-} = +1V step	9			V/μs
Supply Current	I _S	Per amplifier			3.6	mA
Operating Supply-Voltage Range		Single supply	2.7		5.25	V
		Dual supplies	±1.35		±2.625	

Note 1: Gain decreases to zero as the output swings beyond the specified limits.

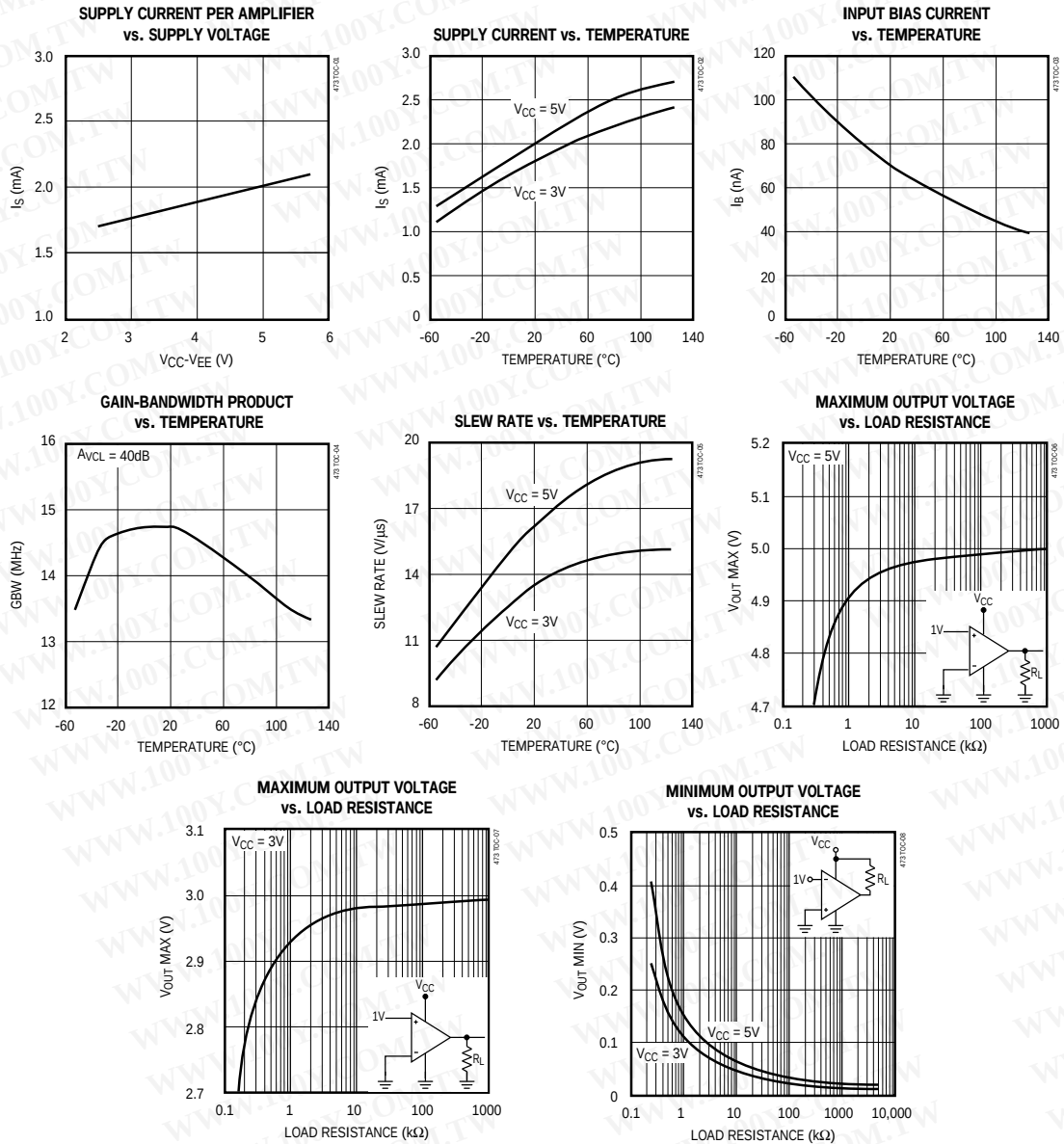
Note 2: Guaranteed by correlation to slew rate.

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Typical Operating Characteristics

($V_{CC} = 5V$, $V_{EE} = 0V$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.)



MAX473/MAX474/MAX475

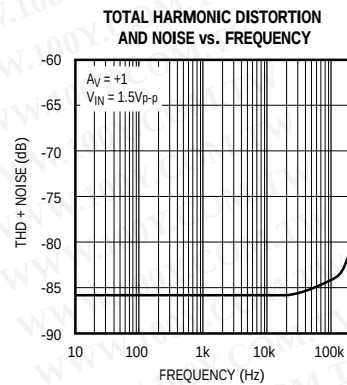
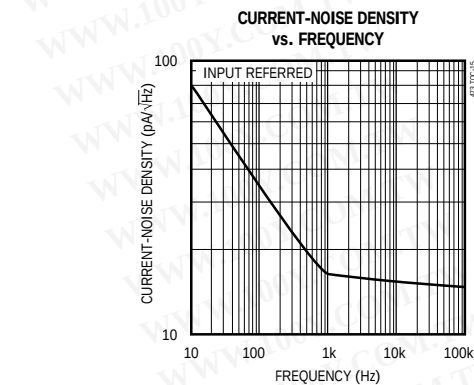
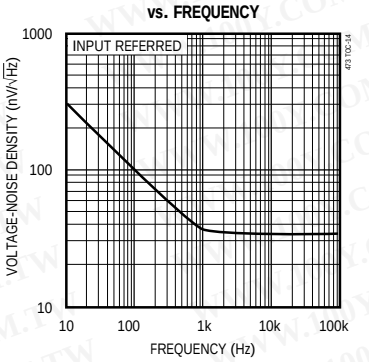
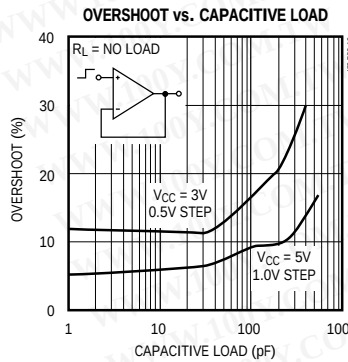
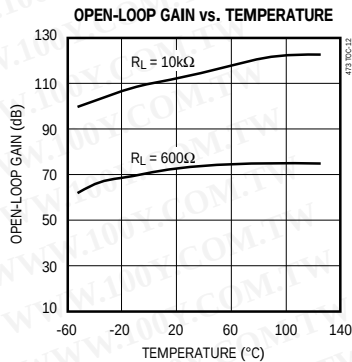
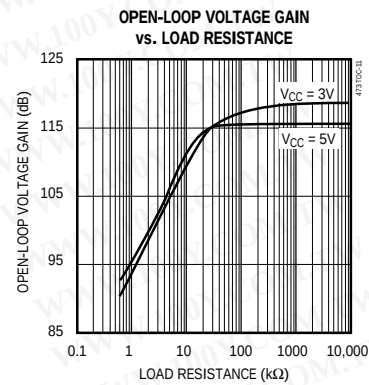
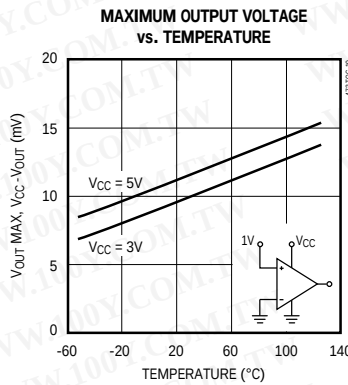
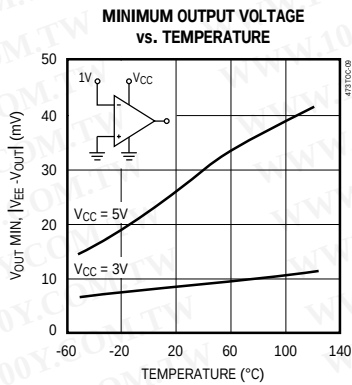
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MAX473/MAX474/MAX475

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

($V_{CC} = 5V$, $V_{EE} = 0V$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.)

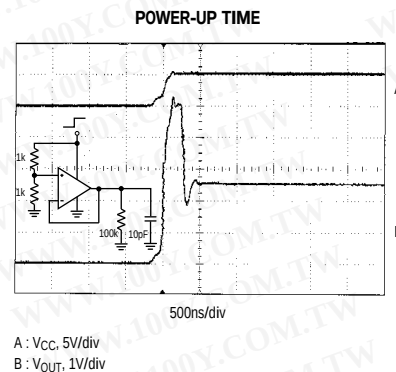
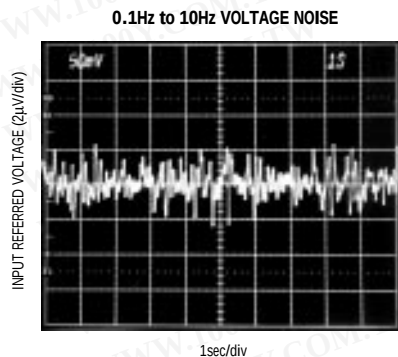
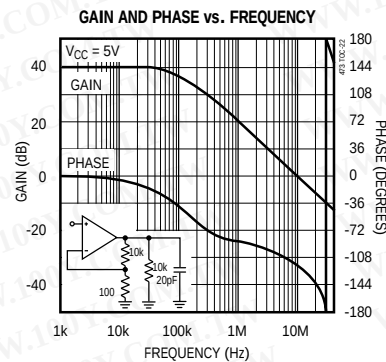
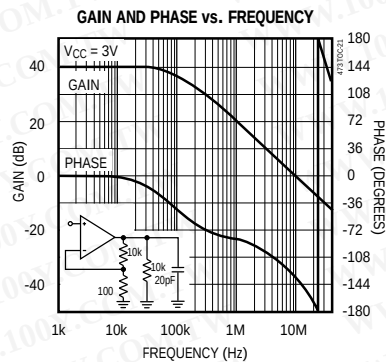
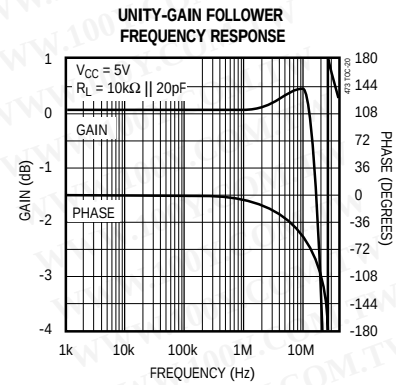
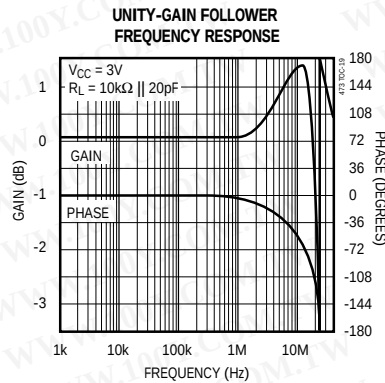
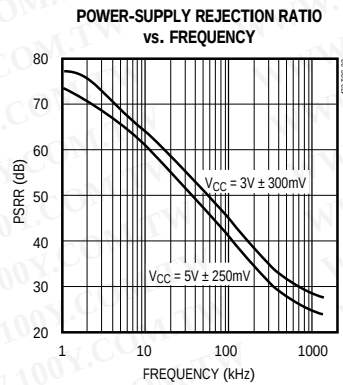


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Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

($V_{CC} = 5V$, $V_{EE} = 0V$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.)



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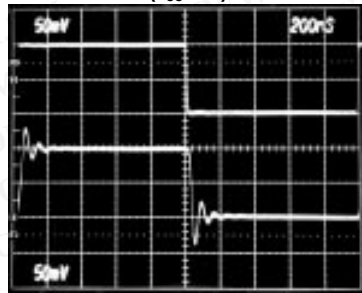
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MAX473/MAX474/MAX475

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

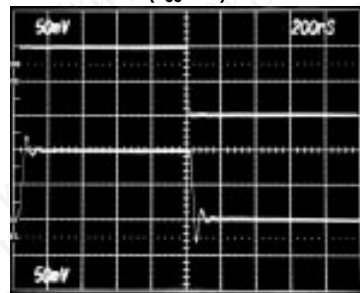
($V_{CC} = 5V$, $V_{EE} = 0V$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.)

SMALL-SIGNAL TRANSIENT RESPONSE
($V_{CC} = 5V$)



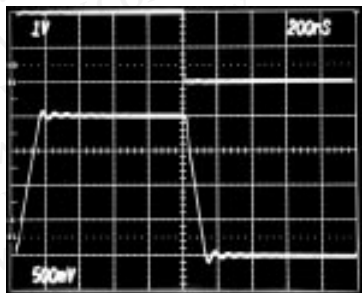
$V_{CC} = 5V$, $A_V = +1$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 220pF$
A : V_{IN} , 50mV/div
B : V_{OUT} , 50mV/div

SMALL-SIGNAL TRANSIENT RESPONSE
($V_{CC} = 3V$)



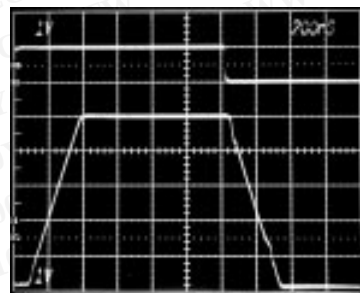
$V_{CC} = 3V$, $A_V = +1$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$
A : V_{IN} , 50mV/div
B : V_{OUT} , 50mV/div

LARGE-SIGNAL TRANSIENT RESPONSE



$V_{CC} = 5V$, $A_V = +1$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 220pF$
A : V_{IN} , 1V/div
B : V_{OUT} , 500mV/div

OVERDRIVING THE OUTPUT



$V_{CC} = 5V$, $V_{IN-} = 2.0V$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 33pF$
A : V_{IN+} , 1V/div
B : V_{OUT} , 1V/div

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Pin Description

PIN			NAME	FUNCTION
MAX473	MAX474	MAX475		
1, 8	—	—	NULL	Offset Null Input. Connect to one end of 2k Ω potentiometer for offset voltage trimming. Connect wiper to V _{EE} . See Figure 1.
—	1	1	OUTA	Amplifier A Output
2	—	—	IN-	Inverting Input
—	2	2	INA-	Amplifier A Inverting Input
3	—	—	IN+	Noninverting Input
—	3	3	INA+	Amplifier A Noninverting Input
4	4	11	V _{EE}	Negative Power-Supply Pin. Connect to ground or a negative voltage.
5	—	—	N.C.	No Connect—not internally connected
—	5	5	INB+	Amplifier B Noninverting Input
6	—	—	OUT	Amplifier Output
—	6	6	INB-	Amplifier B Inverting Input
—	7	7	OUTB	Amplifier B Output
7	8	4	V _{CC}	Positive Power-Supply Pin. Connect to (+) terminal of power supply.
—	—	8	OUTC	Amplifier C Output
—	—	9	INC-	Amplifier C Inverting Input
—	—	10	INC+	Amplifier C Noninverting Input
—	—	12	IND+	Amplifier D Noninverting Input
—	—	13	IND-	Amplifier D Inverting Input
—	—	14	OUTD	Amplifier D Output

MAX473/MAX474/MAX475

Applications Information

Power Supplies

The MAX473/MAX474/MAX475 operate from a single 2.7V to 5.25V power supply, or from dual supplies of $\pm 1.35\text{V}$ to $\pm 2.625\text{V}$. For single-supply operation, bypass the power supply with 0.1 μF . If operating from dual supplies, bypass each supply to ground. With 0.1 μF bypass capacitance, channel separation (MAX474/MAX475) is typically better than 120dB with signal frequencies up to 300kHz. Increasing the bypass capacitance (e.g. 10 μF || 0.1 μF) maintains channel separation at higher frequencies.

Minimizing Offsets

The MAX473's maximum offset voltage is $\pm 2\text{mV}$ ($T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$). If additional offset adjustment is required, connect a 2k Ω trim potentiometer between pins 1, 8, and 4 (Figure 1). Input offset voltage for the dual MAX474 and quad MAX475 cannot be externally trimmed.

The MAX473/MAX474/MAX475 are bipolar op amps with low input bias currents. The bias currents at both inputs flow out of the device. Matching the resistance at the op amp's inputs significantly reduces the offset error caused by the bias currents. Place a resistor (R3) from the noninverting input to ground when using the inverting configuration (Figure 2a); place R3 in series with the noninverting input when using the noninverting configuration (Figure 2b). Select R3 such that the parallel combination of R2 and R1 equals R3. Adding R3 will slightly increase the op amp's voltage noise.

Output Loading and Stability

The MAX473/MAX474/MAX475 op amps are unity-gain stable. Any op amp's stability depends on the configuration, closed-loop gain, and load capacitance. The unity-gain, noninverting buffer is the most sensitive gain configuration, and driving capacitive loads decreases stability.

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MAX473/MAX474/MAX475

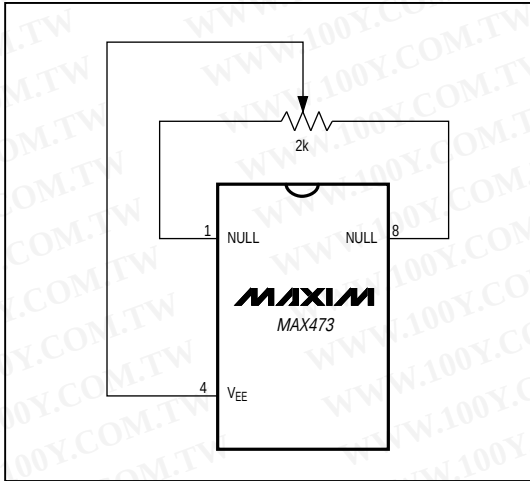


Figure 1. Offset Null Circuit

The MAX473/MAX474/MAX475 have excellent phase margin (the difference between 180° and the unity-gain phase angle). It is typically 63° with a load of $10k\Omega$ in parallel with $20pF$. Generally, higher phase margins indicate greater stability.

Capacitive loads form an RC network with the op amp's output resistance, causing additional phase shift that reduces the phase margin. Figure 3 shows the MAX473/MAX474/MAX475 output response when driving a $390pF$ load in parallel with $10k\Omega$.

When driving large capacitive loads, add an output isolation resistor, as shown in Figure 4. This resistor improves the phase margin by isolating the load capacitance from the amplifier output. Figure 5 shows the MAX473/MAX474/MAX475 driving a capacitive load of $1000pF$ using the circuit of Figure 4.

Feedback Resistors

The feedback resistors appear as a resistance network to the op amp's feedback input (Figure 2). This resistance, combined with the op amp's input and stray capacitance (total input capacitance), forms a pole that adds unwanted phase shift when either the total input capacitance or feedback resistance is too large. For example, using the noninverting configuration with a gain of 10, if the total capacitance at the negative input is $10pF$ and the effective resistance ($R1 \parallel R2$) is $9k\Omega$, this RC network introduces a pole at $f_0 = 1.8MHz$. At

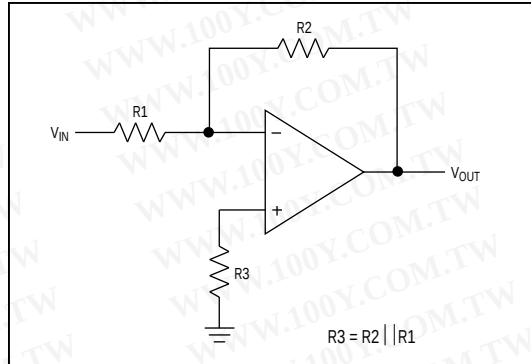


Figure 2a. Reducing Offset Error Due to Bias Current: Inverting Configuration

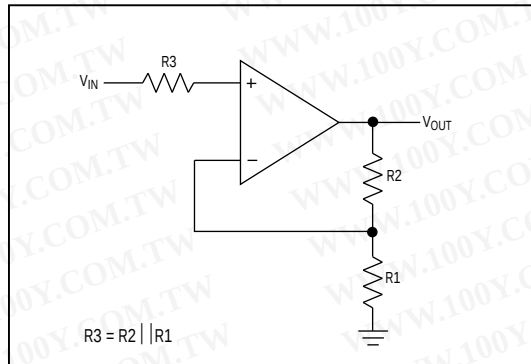


Figure 2b. Reducing Offset Error Due to Bias Current: Noninverting Configuration

input frequencies above f_0 , the pole introduces additional phase shift, which reduces the overall bandwidth and adversely affects stability. Choose feedback resistors small enough so they do not adversely affect the op amp's operation at the frequencies of interest.

Overdriving the Outputs

The output voltage swing for specified operation is from $(V_{EE} + 0.3V)$ to $(V_{CC} - 0.5V)$ (see *Electrical Characteristics*). Exercising the outputs beyond these limits drives the output transistors toward saturation, resulting in bandwidth degradation, response-time increase, and gain decrease (which affects linearity). Operation in this region causes a slight distortion in the output waveform, but does not adversely affect the op amp.

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Single/Dual/Quad, 10MHz Single-Supply Op Amps

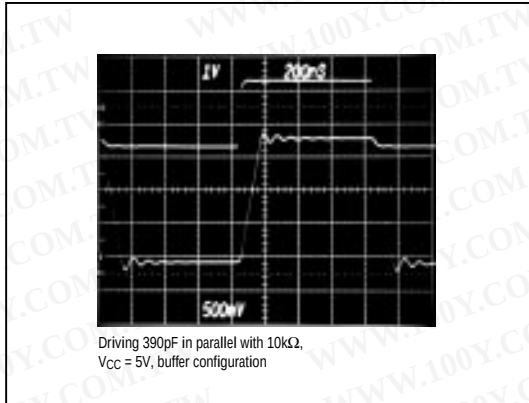


Figure 3. MAX474 Driving 390pF

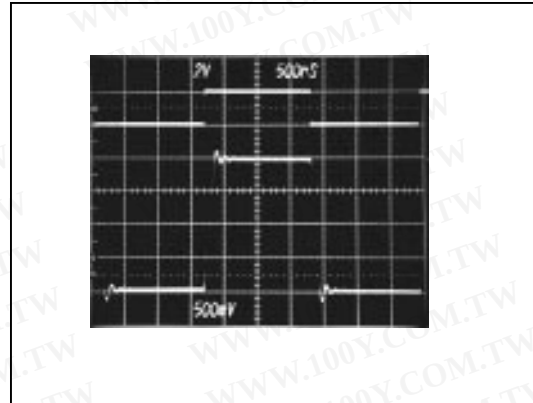


Figure 5. The MAX473 easily drives 1000pF using the Capacitive-Load Driving Circuit (Figure 4).

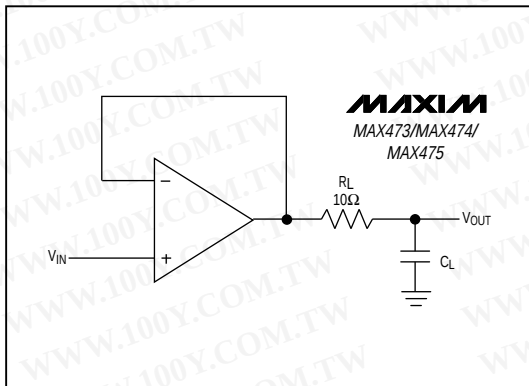


Figure 4. Capacitive-Load Driving Circuit

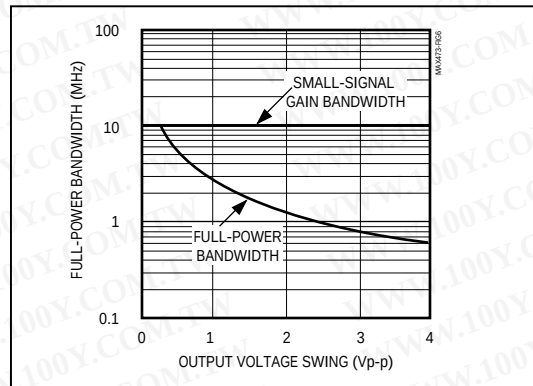


Figure 6. Full-Power Bandwidth vs. Peak-to-Peak AC Voltage

Full-Power Bandwidth

The MAX473/MAX474/MAX475's fast 15V/μs slew rate maximizes full-power bandwidth (FPBW). The FPBW is given by:

$$\text{FPBW (Hz)} = \frac{\text{SR}}{\pi [\text{V}_{\text{OUT peak-to-peak(max)}}]}$$

where the slew rate (SR) is 15V/μs min. Figure 6 shows the full-power bandwidth as a function of the peak-to-peak AC output voltage.

Layout

A good layout improves performance by decreasing the amount of stray capacitance at the amplifier's inputs and output. Since stray capacitance might be unavoidable, minimize trace lengths and resistor leads, and place external components as close to the pins as possible.

MAX473/MAX474/MAX475

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MAX473/MAX474/MAX475

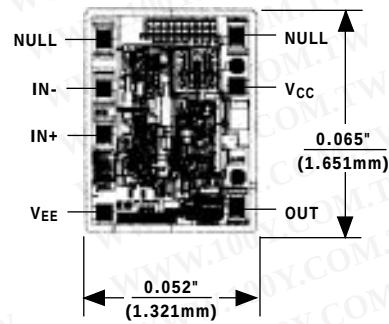
Ordering Information (continued)

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX474CPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX474CSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX474CUA	0°C to +70°C	8 μ MAX
MAX474C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX474EPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX474ESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX474MJA	-55°C to +125°C	8 CERDIP
MAX475CPD	0°C to +70°C	14 Plastic DIP
MAX475CSD	0°C to +70°C	14 SO
MAX475EPD	-40°C to +85°C	14 Plastic DIP
MAX475ESD	-40°C to +85°C	14 SO
MAX475MJD	-55°C to +125°C	14 CERDIP

* Dice are specified at $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, DC parameters only.

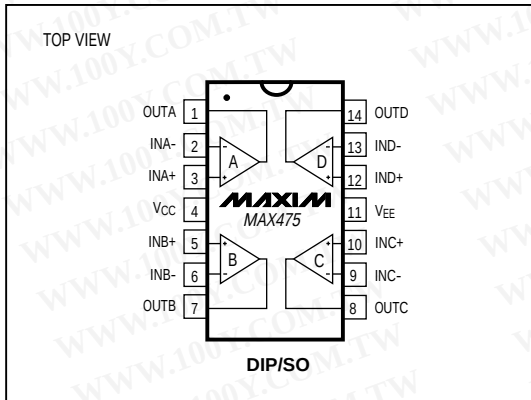
Chip Topographies

MAX473

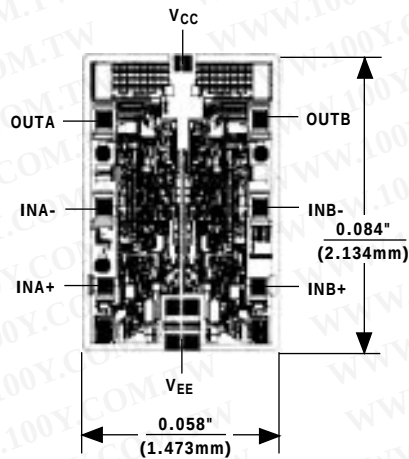


TRANSISTOR COUNT: 185
SUBSTRATE CONNECTED TO VEE

Pin Configurations (continued)



MAX474



TRANSISTOR COUNT: 355
SUBSTRATE CONNECTED TO VEE

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