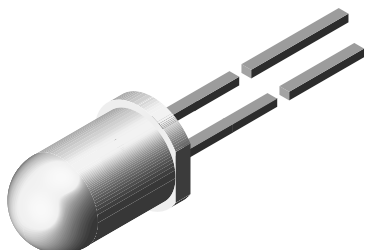


High Speed Infrared Emitting Diode, 850 nm, GaAlAs Double Hetero



94 8389

DESCRIPTION

TSHG6400 is an infrared, 850 nm emitting diode in GaAlAs double hetero (DH) technology with high radiant power and high speed, molded in a clear, untinted plastic package.

FEATURES

- Package type: leaded
- Package form: T-1¼
- Dimensions (in mm): Ø 5
- Peak wavelength: $\lambda_p = 850$ nm
- High reliability
- High radiant power
- High radiant intensity
- Angle of half intensity: $\phi = \pm 22^\circ$
- Low forward voltage
- Suitable for high pulse current operation
- High modulation bandwidth: $f_c = 18$ MHz
- Good spectral matching with CMOS cameras
- Compliant to RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC and in accordance to WEEE 2002/96/EC



Note

** Please see document "Vishay Material Category Policy":
www.vishay.com/doc?99902

APPLICATIONS

- Infrared radiation source for operation with CMOS cameras (illumination).
- High speed IR data transmission.

PRODUCT SUMMARY

COMPONENT	I_e (mW/sr)	ϕ (deg)	λ_p (nm)	t_r (ns)
TSHG6400	70	± 22	850	20

Note

- Test conditions see table "Basic Characteristics"

ORDERING INFORMATION

ORDERING CODE	PACKAGING	REMARKS	PACKAGE FORM
TSHG6400	Bulk	MOQ: 4000 pcs, 4000 pcs/bulk	T-1¼

Note

- MOQ: minimum order quantity

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT
Reverse voltage		V_R	5	V
Forward current		I_F	100	mA
Peak forward current	$t_p/T = 0.5$, $t_p = 100 \mu\text{s}$	I_{FM}	200	mA
Surge forward current	$t_p = 100 \mu\text{s}$	I_{FSM}	1	A
Power dissipation		P_V	180	mW
Junction temperature		T_j	100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operating temperature range		T_{amb}	- 40 to + 85	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature range		T_{stg}	- 40 to + 100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Soldering temperature	$t \leq 5$ s, 2 mm from case	T_{sd}	260	$^\circ\text{C}$
Thermal resistance junction/ambient	J-STD-051, leads 7 mm soldered on PCB	R_{thJA}	230	K/W

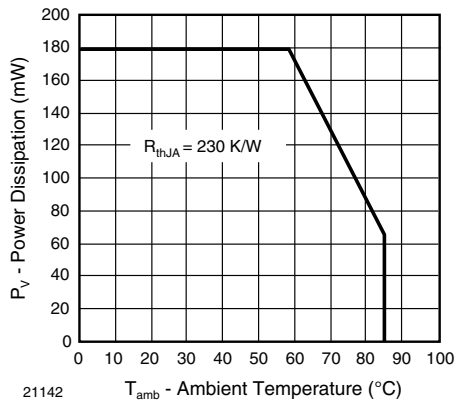


Fig. 1 - Power Dissipation Limit vs. Ambient Temperature

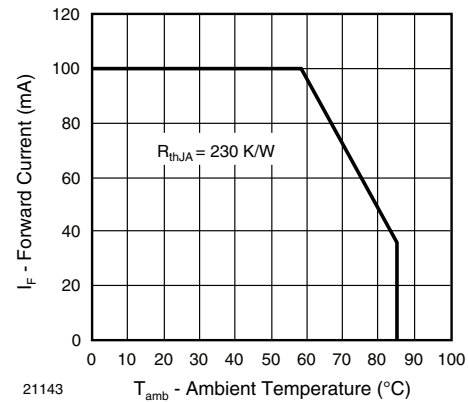


Fig. 2 - Forward Current Limit vs. Ambient Temperature

BASIC CHARACTERISTICS (T _{amb} = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified)						
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Forward voltage	I _F = 100 mA, t _p = 20 ms	V _F		1.5	1.8	V
	I _F = 1 A, t _p = 100 μs	V _F		2.3		V
Temperature coefficient of V _F	I _F = 1 mA	TK _{V_F}		- 1.8		mV/K
Reverse current	V _R = 5 V	I _R			10	μA
Junction capacitance	V _R = 0 V, f = 1 MHz, E = 0	C _j		125		pF
Radiant intensity	I _F = 100 mA, t _p = 20 ms	I _e	45	70	135	mW/sr
	I _F = 1 A, t _p = 100 μs	I _e		700		mW/sr
Radiant power	I _F = 100 mA, t _p = 20 ms	φ _e		50		mW
Temperature coefficient of φ _e	I _F = 100 mA	TK _{φ_e}		- 0.35		%/K
Angle of half intensity		φ		± 22		deg
Peak wavelength	I _F = 100 mA	λ _p		850		nm
Spectral bandwidth	I _F = 100 mA	Δλ		40		nm
Temperature coefficient of λ _p	I _F = 100 mA	TK _{λ_p}		0.25		nm/K
Rise time	I _F = 100 mA	t _r		20		ns
Fall time	I _F = 100 mA	t _f		13		ns
Cut-off frequency	I _{DC} = 70 mA, I _{AC} = 30 mA pp	f _c		18		MHz
Virtual source diameter		d		3.7		mm

BASIC CHARACTERISTICS ($T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified)

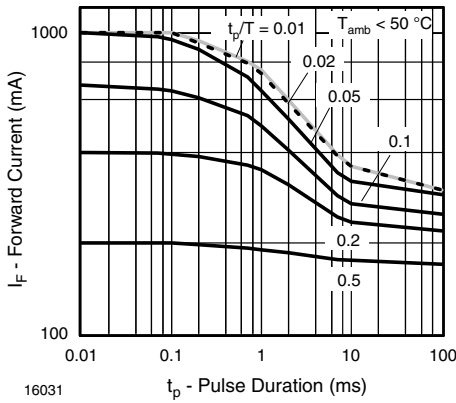


Fig. 3 - Pulse Forward Current vs. Pulse Duration

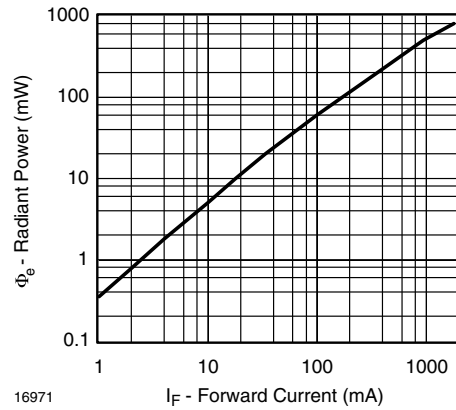


Fig. 6 - Radiant Power vs. Forward Current

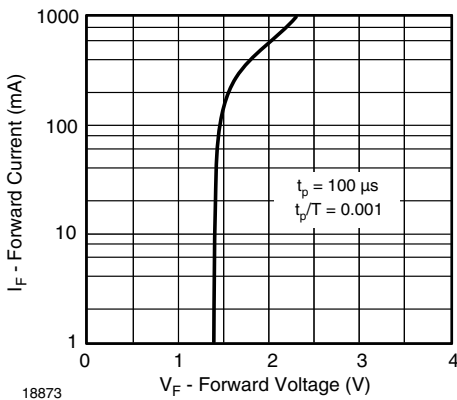


Fig. 4 - Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

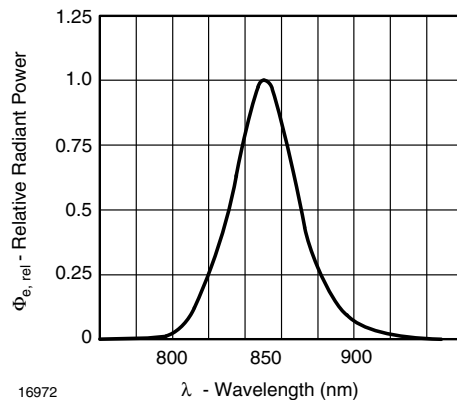


Fig. 7 - Relative Radiant Power vs. Wavelength

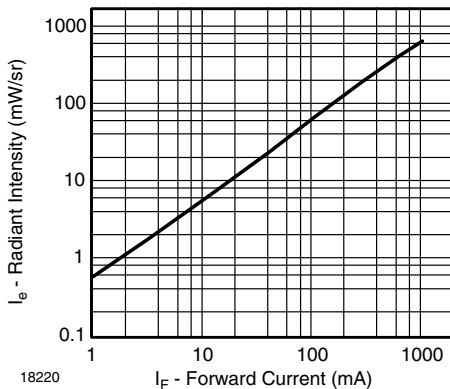


Fig. 5 - Radiant Intensity vs. Forward Current

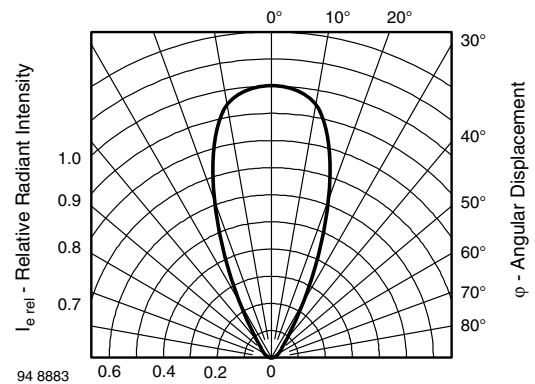
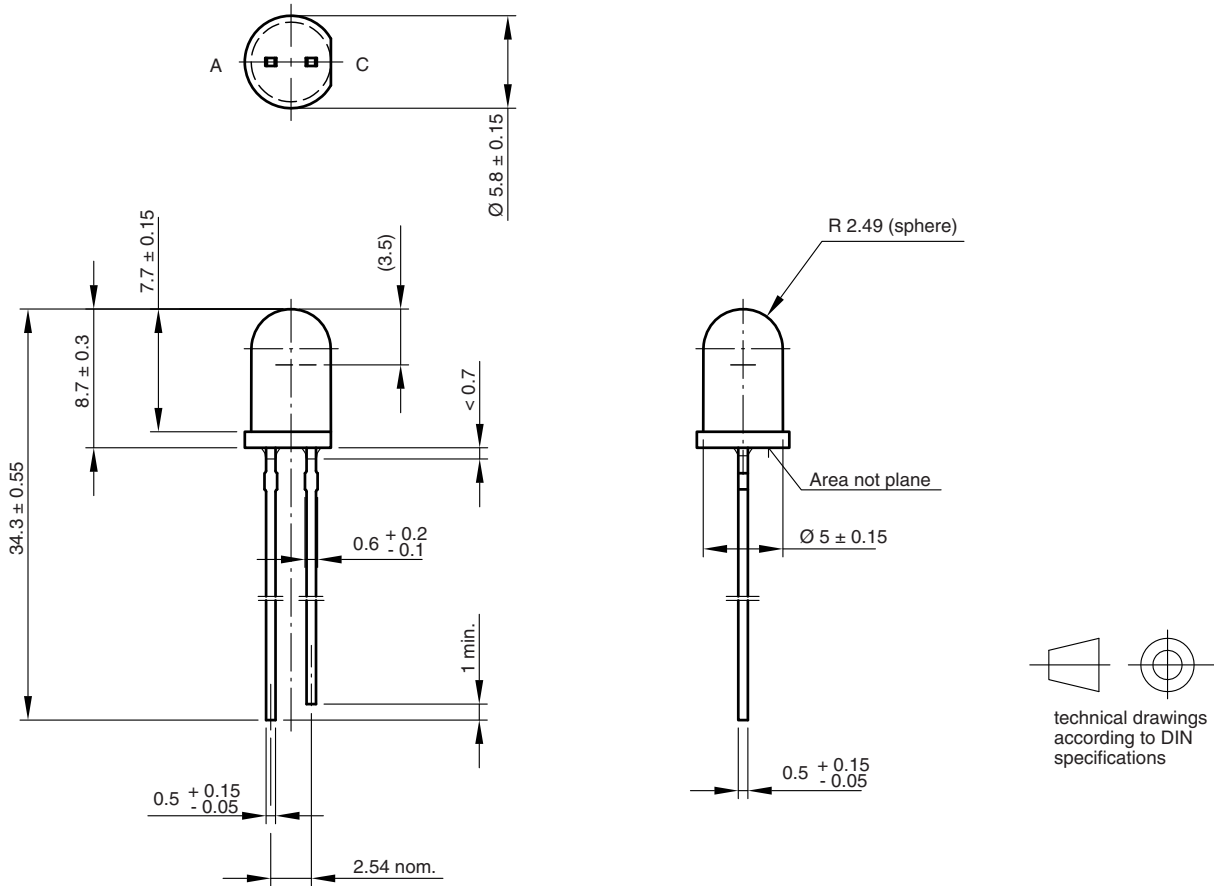


Fig. 8 - Relative Radiant Intensity vs. Angular Displacement

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS in millimeters



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